

657—14.9 (22,124,155A) Disclosures without the consent of the subject.

14.9(1) Open records are routinely disclosed without the consent of the subject.

14.9(2) To the extent allowed by law, disclosure of confidential records may occur without the consent of the subject. Following are instances when disclosure, if lawful, will generally occur without notice to the subject:

a. For a routine use as defined in rule 657—14.10(22,124,155A) or in the notice for a particular record system.

b. To a recipient who has provided the board with advance written assurance that the record will be used solely as a statistical research or reporting record, provided that the record is transferred in a form that does not identify the subject.

c. To another government agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law. An authorized representative of the government agency or instrumentality shall have submitted a written request to the board specifying the record desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought.

d. To an individual pursuant to a showing of compelling circumstances affecting the health or safety of any individual, provided a notice of the disclosure is transmitted to the last-known address of the subject.

e. To the legislative services agency as provided in Iowa Code section 2A.3.

f. In the course of employee disciplinary proceedings.

g. In response to a court order or subpoena.